Marysville School District Resource Conservation Program

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Resource Conservation Program

Tools

- Utility budget
- Utility tracking
- Benchmarking
- Load profiles

Program Support

- Board policy
- ✓ Building operating guidelines

Implementation

- Weekly meetings
- Setting goals
- Identifying projects and getting them installed
- Involve staff
- New Construction
 - Presenting Results

Tools Utility Budget



Tools 2 Years History for Data Base

2-1-	Electricity	Demand (kW)	Natural Gas (Therms)	Oil (Gallons)	Diesel (Gallons)	Water (kGal)	Irrigation (kGal)	Sewer (kGal)	Refuse (Cu Yd)
Jate			4 266	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	
9/03	171,647	304	9,200	N/A	N/A	293	1,309	0	58
0/03	172,936	400	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	201
1/03	287,140	/50	33 338	N/A	N/A	349	190	349	20.
12/03	284,431	759	20,570	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	1
01/04	274,266	798	39,579	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10
)2/04	309,199	799	24,000	N/A	N/A	590	85	0	1
03/04	306,599	792	24,093	N/A	N/A	486	200	0	2
04/04	281,811	766	17,219	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2
05/04	276,223	758	12,727		N/A	0	N/A	N/A	2
06/04	293,229	744	10,992	N/A	N/A	427	1,279	0	2
07/04	246,826	716	5,055	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	1
08/04	162,135	608	2,733	IN/A		2 145	3 063	349	93
Annual Total	3,066,442	799	183,575	0	0	2,140	0,000	0.00	
			2 505	N/A	N/A	511	1,169	17	
09/04	237,802	707	3,500	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	
10/04	295,757	768	9,105	NI/A	N/A	835	140	26	17
11/04	323,162	798	00 554	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	1
12/04	350,324	905	30,551	N/A	N/A	664	33	9	
01/05	281,296	812	21,751		N/A	0	N/A	N/A	1
02/05	330,502	812	22,682	N/A	N/A	466	62	466	1
03/05	340,032	812	24,973	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	2
04/05	314,155	799	22,614	N/A	N/A	481	57	481	1
05/05	281,242	752	16,763	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	
06/05	275,302	775	10,075	N/A	N/A	438	236	438	
07/05	176,127	637	5,337	N/A	N/A	450	N/A	N/A	
08/05	171,643	299	2,426	N/A	IN/A		4 007	4 427	27
1	2 277 344	905	175,781	0	0	3,395	1,697	1,437	21

You Can't Manage What You Don't Measure

Benchmarking

• Where should you be? Your schools compared to each other Your schools compared to other local districts Use per square foot (EUI) Track electric and gas separately Can compare across other Puget Sound utilities Cost per square foot (ECI) - Use for comparison only if rates are similar Can't compare PSE area school to PUD area school

Tools Benchmark – (EUI)



You Can't Manage What You Don't Measure





Benchmark - Electric Loads at Night



Tools Electric Load Profile



Tools Gas Load Profile



Program Support Board Policy

Policy No. 6810 Management Support

ENERGY MANAGEMENT/EDUCATION

The Board recognizes the responsibility to develop and maintain programs to support the conservation of energy and natural resources. In recognition of this leadership responsibility, the district shall strive to (a) institute effective energy management and (b) provide information and develop conservation attitudes and skills for the students it serves. To achieve the objectives of energy management, the Board shall appoint a team representing the Board, administration, staff, students, parents and utility representatives to develop and review plans for efficient energy management in the daily operation of the district's facilities. The committee shall have the responsibility to:

- A. Assess past and present energy consumption practices;
- B. Review current operational and maintenance practices;
- C. Study operation changes designed to reduce consumption and related costs;
- Examine the feasibility of retrofitting alternatives for existing facilities as a result of engineering studies and reports;
- Provide periodic reports and/or recommendations to the Superintendent and Board;
- F. Monitor the energy management measures which are implemented;
- G. Insure, through a monitoring process, that instruction in energy use and conservation is incorporated into the district's program.

The Board, as part of its educational mission, desires to foster the conservation ethic among the students. To achieve the objectives of the energy education program, instructional activities shall be designed to educate students on supply and costs of natural resources which, in turn, will stimulate skill building to effect responsible conservation behavior in students. As part of the educational process, students will be encouraged to assess the energy consumption policies of the school as a means of applying knowledge and skill.

The Superintendent is authorized to establish annual energy management goals, annual energy education goals, and extrinsic rewards to school buildings in recognition of conservation accomplishments. The Superintendent will make periodic and annual evaluation reports to the Board.

Cross References:	Board Policy	2020	Curriculum development and Adoption of
		6923	Energy Conservation
Legal Reference:	WAC180-030	-406	Energy conservation programLife cycle cost analysis
Adoption Date: 01/03/20	00		



Program Support Building Operating Guidelines

Marvsville School District **Building Operating & Energy Conservation Guidelines**

The following guidelines are set to establish standards to optimize the conditions of our learning and work environment while also conserving energy and natural resources and avoiding unnecessary and costly utility expenses. The implementation of this program is the joint responsibility of all school district staff, students and other users.

Lighting_



- · Teachers should ensure that lights are turned off when classrooms, shops, etc., are unoccupied for 15 minutes or longer.
- · Lights in gymnasiums, multi-purpose rooms or commons should be turned off if room will be unoccupied for 30 minutes or longer.
- Whenever possible, natural lighting should be taken advantage of in lieu of indoor lights.
- Hallways and commons lighting shall be turned off at the end of the instructional day unless afterschool activities require it.
- · Outside lighting should remain off from midnight until 4:30 a.m.

Heating



Variations from the set schedule can be made by the Maintenance Dept, only for unique or special circumstances. The night setback temperature at all facilities shall be 55° to 60°, including all day during weekends and holidays.

68°-70°

68⁰ $68^{\circ}-70^{\circ}$

68°

65°

65°

- · All exterior doors and windows shall remain closed during the heating season.
- Outside air setting shall be set for 15CFM per student in classrooms/libraries.
- · Personal space heaters may not be used.

Electrical

- All electrical equipment such as computer monitors, printers, copiers, coffee pots, etc. must be turned off at the end of individual's workday. Do not turn off computer unit itself as system back-ups and software updates
- · High-energy use items such as kilns and selfcleaning ovens should be run between 2:00 p.m. and 5:00a.m. (non-peak times)
- · All staff lounge refrigerators should be cleaned out and turned off during extended breaks.
- · Pop machines need to be turned off during extended breaks.

Water_



Solid Waste and Recycling

- · Each school should develop and implement a recycling plan in order to reduce solid waste.
- Custodial staff will monitor the quantity and usage of the dumpsters. Dumpster size

and frequency of pick-up will be adjusted if needed.

For more energy information, please contact Maintenance at Ext. 20847







Checklists for extended breaks

CONSERVATION CHECKLIST



Summer Shutdown for Custodians

HVAC Systems

- _____All heat/cooling off.
- All portable classroom heat/cooling to "OFF" position (not temporary override).
- If heat/cooling is necessary, only the smallest zone allowable is active.
- Exhaust fans off.
- _____ Turbo fan use limited to carpet drying. Open doors and windows for natural ventilation.

Lighting

- _____ All exterior lights off, except when needed for evening community activities.
- Interior lights on only in the immediate areas where work is being done, or use daylight.
- Hallway lights off when not working in halls.
- Display case lighting off.

Water

Water heaters turned off. Cleaning tasks requiring hot water can be grouped so tanks can be off for extended period of time, and/or, designate one hot water tank to remain on. Hot water circulation numps off

Implementation Weekly Meetings

Who

- Maintenance Manager
- Building Operator
 - Lead HVAC Tech
 - Lead Custodian
- RCM

Topics

- Status of Existing Projects
- New ideas to save
- Load Profiles (Monthly)
- Who should be involved in projects

Follow-up "To Do" lists

- Each Member

Implementation Establish Goals

Based on existing utility costs

 1st Year = 10% (\$170,000 - estimate)
 2nd Year = 15% (\$250,000 - estimate)
 3rd Year = 20% (\$340,000 - estimate)

Marysville's results after 5 yrs = \$1,100,000 (20% maintained savings - actual)

Implementation Ways to Identify Projects

Night walk-thrus

- It's 3:00 a.m. Do you know where your energy use is?
- Monitoring (sub-metering)
- Controls review
- Bill reviews (checking for errors)
- Employees suggestions
- Typical measures
 - Lighting
 - Mechanical
 - Other

Why non-school hours?

- After school, savings opportunities are abundant
 - No capital budget dollars needed
 - No impact to building systems
 - No impact to staff or students
 - Consider "after hours" user groups

NO BRAINER!!!

Why should you care?

- - 5 times more hours "non-school" than during school
 - From 7:00am 3:00pm M-F = <u>1,440 hrs/yr</u>
 - Non-school = 7,320 hrs/yr
 - Large % of energy use occurs during nonschool hours

Worst Case Scenario



Best Case Scenario

School hours energy use = 60%

Non-school hours energy use = 40%

Typical loads left on at night

> HVAC

- Heating to "occupied" temperatures
- Supply and exhaust fans running
- Outside air dampers open

Lights

- All exterior
- Hallway
- Common areas

Plug Loads

- Computers
- Pop machines
- Personal refrigerators

Implementation Ways to Identify Projects

- Night walk-thrus
- Monitoring (sub-metering)
- Controls review
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- Typical measures
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 - Mechanical
 - Other

Temporary Meters

- **Digital Thermometers** •
- Lighting logger •
- Motor Logger •
- **Occupancy Logger** 0
- **Temperature Logger** 0
- **Electrical** \mathbf{O}
- Load profiles
- Air Flow

MD LOODER Temperature

Implementation Ways to Identify Projects

- Night walk-thrus
- Monitoring (sub-metering)
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Review controls annually

Review EMS/time-clock settings

- Occupied/unoccupied times
- Start times versus occupied times (warm up period)
- Temperature set points
- Dead-bands
- Economizer enabled
- Program holiday/non-school day schedules at beginning of year

Implementation Ways to Identify Projects

- Night walk-thrus
- Monitoring (sub-metering)
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 - Other

Understanding Your Utility Bill

DETAIL OF UTILITY CHARGES

801 E CASINO RD EVERETT

Service: Electric Metered General Service - Medium Load SCHED20C-C

Meter Number 137097	Current Reading	Previous Reading	Difference	x <u>Multiplier</u> =	Usage
KWH	9438	8959	479	600	287,400 KWH
<u>KVARH</u>	4832	4622	210	600	126,000 KVARH
KW	1.646			600	987.600 KW

Connected Load: 884.00 KW Load Factor: 39.1 %

Service Dates: Feb. 14,	2005 Mar. 17, 2005	Days in Billing Period 31	
Customer Charge: 31 Days	\$0.290000 Per Day		\$8.99
Energy Charge: 30,000 KWH	@ \$0.075200 Per KWH		\$2,256.00
Energy Charge: 257,400 KW	H @ \$0.060500 Per KWH		\$15,572.70
Power Factor: 0.92 (.97 Requ	ıired)	# 120	
Billing Demand: 987.600 KW		= # 179	
Adjusted Demand Due to Low	Power Factor: 1,036.980000 KW		
Billing Demand Charge In Exce	s of 100 KW: 936.980000 KW	@ \$3.620000 Per KW	\$3,391.87
Taxes: Everett Municipal (\$2	1,229.56 @ 4.5 %)		\$955.33
		Service Charges *	\$22,184.89
	· ·	TOTAL UTILITY CHARGES	\$22,184.89

* PUD electric rates include a state public utility tax at 3.873% - approximately \$822.22 on this bill.

Understanding Your Utility Bill

EVER SD-JACKSON HIGH

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eter	Pres	Prev	Pres Date	Prev Date	Turnup	Pressu	re	FPV BTU Factor	CCF Therms	Code	
389461	13336 10725 04/18 03/18 2611				45.08 1.006696 10635.00 AC						
	and the second		1		i Duat	tity	Pr	rice per Unit	Amount		
Charge DescriptionWarningCustomer Charge125 Therms @ \$.99 Per ThermDelivery Demand Charge125 Therms @ \$1.05 Per ThermGas Supply Demand Charge125 Therms @ \$1.05 Per ThermDelivery Charge125 Therms @ \$1.05 Per ThermDelivery Charge4,165.31 Therms @ \$.2062 Per ThermDelivery Charge4,165.31 Therms @ \$.00355 Per ThermDelivery Charge4,584.66 Therms @ \$.00355 Per ThermCost of Gas4,584.66 Therms @ \$.00302 Per ThermGas Conservaton Program Charge4,584.66 Therms @ \$.00302 Par ThermMill Creek City Tax\$.004 Fhreen \$.000 Per DollarCharge Total5.000 Per Dollar							\$4 \$4 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$3,0 \$3,0 \$ \$3,9 \$ \$3,9 \$	\$41.94 \$51.89 \$55.04 \$88.47 \$647.75 \$16.28 \$3,031.88 \$13.85 \$.00 \$3,945.10			
Customer Charge Delivery Demand Charge Gas Supply Demand Charge Delivery Charge Procurement Charge Cost of Gas Gas Conservaton Program Charge Mill Creek City Tax					125 Therms @ \$.99 Per Therm 125 Therms @ \$1.05 Per Therm 580.65 Therms @ \$.2062 Per Therm 5,767.47 Therms @ \$.15551 Per Therm 6,348.12 Therms @ \$.00355 Per Therm 6,348.12 Therms @ \$.66131 Per Therm 6,348.12 Therms @ \$.00406 Per Therm \$5,469.15 @ \$.00 Per Dollar Charge Total				\$ \$ n \$8 n \$4,1 n \$ \$5,4	\$58.07 \$71.86 \$76.21 \$119.73 \$896.90 \$22.54 \$4,198.07 \$25.77 \$.00 \$5,469.15	
Current Gas Charges							\$9,4	\$9,414.25			

Implementation Ways to Identify Projects

- Night walk-thrus
- Monitoring (sub-metering)
- Controls review
- Bill reviews (checking for errors)
- Employees suggestions
- Typical measures
 - Lighting
 - Mechanical
 - Other

Encourage staff to submit:

- Needed repairs
- Control problems
- Ideas for conservation!

THEY ARE YOUR BIGGEST ALLIES!!!

Implementation Ways to Identify Projects

- Night walk-thrus
- Monitoring (sub-metering)
- Controls review
- Bill reviews (checking for errors)
- Employees suggestions
- > Typical measures
 - Lighting
 - Mechanical
 - Other

Typical lighting measures

Typical mechanical measure

Programmable thermostats

Typical "other" measures

Pool Cover

- CO₂ Control of Outside Air
- Motion Sensors for Lights
- Photocell Controls for Lights
- DDC System for HVAC
- Adjustable Speed Drives on Larger Motors

Implementation Getting Projects Installed

- No cost/low cost O&M measures (Use successes to promote longer payback measures)
- "Low fruit" first (most cost-effective)
- Identify funding sources
- DON'T FORGET UTILITY FUNDING!

New Construction

- Have RCM involved from beginning
- Set energy performance goals
- Use utility incentive programs
- Start commissioning agent early
- Secured \$250,000 grant from State for Elementary #11 to construct to WSSP

Savings from RCM Program Electric

Electrical Savings over 5 years = \$450,000 Additional Equipment Energy Usage = \$140,000* Total Savings = \$590,000

* = 23,500 sq.ft. and 2,600 computers

Savings from RCM Program Natural Gas

Natural Gas Savings over 5 years = \$600,000

Present Results

Individual Schools

30% Reduction at M-P High

Present Results Entire School District

Marysville School District

20% Sustained Total Energy Savings

10 Steps to a successful

Resource Conservation Program

- 1 Find a conservation champion (RCM)
- 2 Track your utilities
- 3 Understand your utility bills
- 4 Call your local utilities
- 5 Benchmark your facilities
- 6 Review operating parameters
- 7 Implement O&M saving measures
- 8 Secure financing for capital projects
- 9 Implement capital projects
- 10 Present results

Marysville School District RCM Program

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